**Feature Writing For Students**



Feature writing is an exciting way for students to explore storytelling, combining factual reporting with narrative techniques to engage readers deeply. Whether you're covering a school event, profiling a notable person in your community, or exploring a significant issue, feature articles allow you to delve into the subject matter with creativity and depth. Here's a simple guide to help students craft compelling feature stories.

### **Choosing a Topic**

* **Interest and Relevance:** Pick a subject that fascinates you and is relevant to your audience.
* **Unique Angle:** Find a unique perspective or an untold aspect of a well-known story to stand out.

### **Research and Interviews**

* **Comprehensive Research:** Gather detailed information about your topic from reliable sources.
* **Interviews:** Talk to people directly involved or knowledgeable about your subject to add depth and authenticity to your story.

### **Writing Your Feature**

#### **1. Headline**

* Create an engaging headline that captures the essence of your story and piques curiosity.

#### **2. Lead (Lede)**

* Start with a strong opening that grabs attention. Use an anecdote, a striking fact, or a compelling question.

#### **3. Nut Graf**

* After your lead, include a paragraph that explains the significance of your story and what it will cover.

#### **4. Body**

* **Structure:** Organize your article into clear, logical sections. Use headings if necessary.
* **Main Content:** Develop your narrative, integrating background information, anecdotes, and insights from your interviews.
* **Quotes:** Incorporate direct quotes to add voice and perspective.
* **Descriptive Detail:** Use vivid descriptions to bring scenes and personalities to life, making your story engaging and immersive.

#### **5. Conclusion**

* Conclude your feature with a strong closing that leaves a lasting impression. You can circle back to your opening or end with a thought-provoking statement or question.

### **Tips for Effective Feature Writing**

* **Show, Don’t Tell:** Use specific examples and descriptions to show your readers what you mean, rather than simply telling them.
* **Voice and Tone:** While maintaining accuracy, don’t be afraid to let your voice shine through, making your writing more relatable and enjoyable.
* **Engage the Senses:** Include details that engage the readers’ senses, making your story more vivid and memorable.
* **Revise and Edit:** Review your work critically, checking for clarity, coherence, grammar, and spelling. Ask for feedback from peers or teachers.