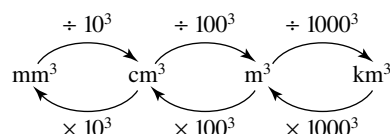


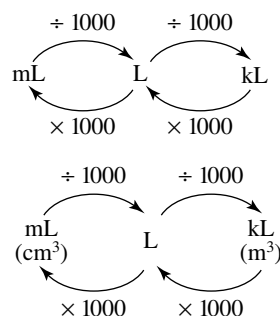
# Conversion of units of volume and capacity

The diagrams below show the rules for conversion of units of volume and capacity.

Conversion of units of *volume*



Conversion of units of *capacity*



Units of volume and capacity are connected in the following way:

$$1 \text{ millilitre (mL)} = 1 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$1 \text{ litre (L)} = 1000 \text{ millilitres} = 1000 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$1 \text{ kilolitre (kL)} = 1000 \text{ litres} = 1 \text{ m}^3$$

## WORKED Example

Convert each of the following measurements to the unit shown in brackets.

**a** 3.5 L ( mL)

**b** 2300 mm<sup>3</sup> (cm<sup>3</sup>)

**c** 5.4 m<sup>3</sup> (L)

### Solution

- a** Using the diagram for conversion of units of capacity, observe that to convert litres to millilitres we need to multiply the given value by 1000. That is:

$$3.5 \text{ L} \times 1000 = 3500 \text{ mL}$$

- b** Using the diagram for conversion of units of volume, observe that to convert mm<sup>3</sup> to cm<sup>3</sup>, we need to divide the given value by 10<sup>3</sup>. That is:

$$2300 \text{ mm}^3 \div 10^3 = 2300 \text{ mm}^3 \div 1000 \\ = 2.3 \text{ cm}^3$$

- c** Since 1 m<sup>3</sup> = 1000 litres, to convert from m<sup>3</sup> to litres, we need to multiply the given value by 1000. That is:

$$5.4 \times 1000 = 5400 \text{ L}$$

### Try these

Convert each of the following measurements to the unit shown in brackets.

**1** 0.2 mm<sup>3</sup> (cm<sup>3</sup>)

**2** 0.035 m<sup>3</sup> (cm<sup>3</sup>)

**3** 0.000 061 0 km<sup>3</sup> (m<sup>3</sup>)

**4** 3 × 10<sup>-9</sup> km<sup>3</sup> (cm<sup>3</sup>)

**5** 5600 ml (cm<sup>3</sup>)

**6** 1 190 000 000 m<sup>3</sup> (km<sup>3</sup>)

**7** 0.00012304 cm<sup>3</sup> (mm<sup>3</sup>)

**8** 1.19 × 10<sup>-15</sup> m<sup>3</sup> (mm<sup>3</sup>)

**9** 6300 mL (L)

**10** 0.8 kL (L)

**11** 0.011 L (mL)

**12** 0.0042 kL (mL)

**13** 9000 L (m<sup>3</sup>)

**14** 0.075 m<sup>3</sup> (L)

**15** 0.0063 m<sup>3</sup> (mL)